Northern Asia-Pacific Division of the General Conference Seventh-day Adventist Church

Summery of the Biblical Research Committee Report and Recommendations



Theology of Ordination and the Ordination of Women to the Gospel Ministry

December 23, 2013

The Study of the Theology of Ordination and Ordination of Women

The Northern Asia-Pacific Division's Biblical Research Committee met June 3-5, 2013 at Hong Kong Adventist College to discuss the theology of ordination. There were eight papers presented by scholars from across the Division. While our topic was a theology of ordination, the focus of the papers was specifically on the subject of the ordination of women to the gospel ministry.

- 11 1. "Laying on of Hands in the New Testament" by Richard Sabuin of AIIAS
- *2. "Women's Ordination in a Perspective of the Old Testament"* by Lee Jong-Keun of SU
- 3. "Discussion on the Women's Ordination in the History of Korean Protestant Churches."by Kuk Hun Lee of SU
- 4. "Pastoral Theological Implications on the Issue of Women's Ordination for the Ministry
 of the Local Church of the Seventh-day Adventist in Korea" by B. H. Jang of SU
- 5. "Women's Ordination from New Testament Perspectives: Lexical Case Study with a
 Few Women" by Hong Pal Ha of SGC
- *6. "Apostle Paul on Women's Ordination"* by William Lin of TAC
- 20 7. "Women's Ordination from Chinese Perspective" by Samuel Chiu of HKAC
- 21 8. "Some Missiological Arguments on the Theology of Ordination" by Sung-Ik Kim of SU

At that time we also carefully reviewed the draft version of the theology of ordination consensus statement. Our NSD BRC voted recommendations to be delivered to the GC Theology of Ordination Committee. In July 2013 a revised version of the consensus statement was voted by the GC TOSC committee.

We, the NSD Biblical Research Committee, are in agreement with this revised document.

Here is an excerpt that has helped to guide the ordination study for our Biblical Research Committee here in the Northern Asia-Pacific Division.

"Seventh-day Adventists understand ordination, in a biblical sense, as the action of the Church in publicly recognizing those whom the Lord has called and equipped for local and global Church ministry . . . While ordination contributes to Church order, it neither conveys special qualities to the persons ordained nor introduces a kingly hierarchy within the faith community."

 Our NSD Biblical Research Committee also met December 16-17, 2013. We reviewed and discussed the documents produced for the GC Theology of Ordination Committee that met in July of 2013. We spent a majority of our time discussing the papers on the

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our Division.

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	Women	Total	Churches	Total	Members	Total
Field	Pastors	Pastors	with	Churches	served by	Members
rieiu			Women	&	Women	
			Pastors	Companies	Pastors	
Korean Union	12	895	10	899	3,608	235,721
Conference						
Japan Union	6	81	8	149	1,917	15,242
Conference						
Mongolian	1	18	1	10	30	1,972
Mission						
Taiwan	13	78	15	85	440	6,132
Conference						
Hong Kong	13	42	12	21	547	5,020
Macau						
Conference						
China	3,176**	5,293	2,740**	4,566	248,592**	414,320
(Unorganized						
Territory*						
Totals	3,221	6,407	2,782	5,730	252,500	678,407

Biblical texts that pertain to the topic. This discussion and prayer has formed the basis

Uniquely in the NSD we have a large percentage of women who are leading churches.

God has blessed women to grow several of the largest Adventist churches in the world.

Here is the estimate of how many women are involved in pastoral ministry in the NSD.

Please see the number of women in pastoral ministry, the number of churches being

served by women, and the number of members being served by women pastors.

Women in pastoral ministry are leading many of our large and effective churches within

of our conclusions and recommendations that will follow.

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*Within the UT Territory the pastors include a few who have formal theological training from an Adventist school. Many have some training through seminars and certificate programs. A large majority of those who are serving churches in pastoral ministry have not yet had the privilege of formal theological training.

Total NSD membership is now 671,158

38% of membership in NSD

Estimated membership led by women 252,500

** UT numbers based on estimate that 60% of those serving in pastoral ministry are women.

Conclusions from the NSD BRC on the Subject of Ordination of Women to the Pastoral Ministry

1. We agree with the General Conference Theology of Ordination Consensus Statement which shares that ordination is the church recognizing the call of God on the life of an individual for ministry as God will direct. We believe the church can recognize whom God has called, but it is God who determines whom He will call.

 2. Based upon our studies in the NSD and our review of the GC TOSC documents we believe that while the Bible does not command women to be ordained to the pastoral ministry, it does not prohibit women's ordination. The Bible supports women in ministry and leadership.

3. Based upon our studies in the NSD and our review of the GC TOSC documents we believe that while Ellen White does not command women to be ordained to the pastoral ministry, she does not prohibit women's ordination. Ellen White supports women in ministry and leadership.

4. We recognize that the Seventh-day Adventist Church historically has had women in leadership and pastoral ministry from its earliest days. We also recognize that throughout the church's history and especially in contemporary times the church has encouraged women to be a part of the mission of the church and to be a part of pastoral ministry.

5. We recognize the fruitful contribution of women to pastoral ministry within our Division noting that a significant number of those leading churches within our field are women.

6. Because of our emphasis on "Mission First" in the NSD we believe that this should be one of the determining considerations on who should be called and ordained (recognized by the church as having the call of God) within the Seventh-day Adventist Church.

7. We recognize that our emphasis on "Mission First" will take into consideration the culture where we work and that ordaining women to ministry will bring great blessings to many places within the NSD Territories.

Recommendations from the NSD BRC on the Subject of the Ordination of Women to the Pastoral Ministry

1. We recommend that the World Church place "Mission First" as a priority and that we focus on sharing the three angels' messages with the world. This means that we recommend that both men and women should be encouraged and recognized by the church through ordination to the pastoral ministry.

2. We recommend a "Mission First" approach to the pastoral ministry that allows each division to determine if ordination of women will be helpful within its local culture.

3. We recommend that the Adventist Church educate its members about the historical importance and its impact gender inclusiveness has had on our church development and growth since its very beginnings.

4. We recommend that the General Conference, divisions, unions, missions, and conferences develop materials and train our church members about the importance of gender inclusiveness to the achieving of our mission to our world.

5. Since there is such a diversity of approaches to the study of the Scriptures that have been revealed in the study of the theology of ordination, we recommend that the world church develop and educate its scholars, educators, and pastors on a more united hermeneutical approach to Scriptures.

6. Knowing that Unity and Gospel order are vital for the future mission of the Seventh-day Adventist Church, we recommend that the General Conference convene a committee similar to the General Conference Theology of Ordination Committee to develop and study ways to maintain unity in the church.

7. We propose that at the General Conference Session in 2015 a recommendation be brought that globally the ordination of women to the pastoral ministry be approved. We further recommend that the implementation of ordination of women will be determined by each division taking into consideration its impact on mission and unity within its territories.